

AGRIC., LIVEST. & FISH.	1970	1980	1988	% Cat/Spain
Production (thousand Tn.)				
Cereals	829	1 089	1 494	7.7 ⁽²⁾
Fodder	2 978	4 014	5 551	14.7 ⁽²⁾
Fruit trees	403	731	856	28.3 ⁽²⁾
Vines	444	410	405	6.5 ⁽²⁾
Olive trees	145	51	52	2.2 ⁽²⁾
Heads (thousands)				
Cows	238	325	528	10.5
Sheep	693	715	1 224	5.1
Goats	43	32	76	2.1
Pigs	1 512	2 863	4 514	27.2
Poultry ⁽³⁾			7 798	17.5
Reproductive female-rabbits ⁽³⁾			408	22.1
Fish catches (thousand Tn.)				
	24	66	52	4.6

INDUSTRY	1978	1986	% Cat/Spain
Added value (million Pta)	771 805	1 883 431	24.4
Energy and water	47 502	328 609	20.3
Non-energetic minery	55 855	108 658	13.1
Chemical industry	96 675	279 872	40.2
Mechanical transformations	242 586	448 095	24.0
Manufacturing industries	203 025	499 042	21.8
Textile and clothing	126 162	219 155	49.2

	1988	
Industrial invest. * (million Pta)	52 889	
Energy and water	2 837	
Non-energetic minery	5 082	
Chemical industry	5 817	
Mechanical transformations	12 664	
Textile industry	17 037	
Textile and clothing	9 452	

HOUSING	1970	1980	1989	% Cat/Spain ⁽¹⁾
Finished per year (thousands)	39	49	38	14.9

JUSTICE	1988	% Cat/Spain ⁽²⁾
Courts and tribunals	299	14.9

June 1990

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Entitat Autònoma del Diari Oficial
i de Publicacions

Institut d'Estadística de Catalunya

Legal diposit: B-24 869-1990
Copies printed: 7 500
Printed: I.G. Domingo

* Registered investment under the
figure of 5 million Pta in fixed assets
or 2 million Pta in machinery.

(1) 1988.
(2) 1987.
(3) 1986.

GENERALITAT BUDGET	1990
Income (million pts.)	
Chapter 1. Direct taxation	33 800
Chapter 2. Indirect taxation	100 103
Chapter 3. Taxes and other income	37 626
Chapter 4. Transfers ord. budget	727 919
Chapter 5. Patrimonial income	900
Chapter 6. Alienation of real investments	50
Chapter 7. Capital transfer	39 573
Chapter 8. Variation on financial assets	*
Chapter 9. Variation on financial liabilities	48 000
Total	987 971

Expenditure (mill. Pta)	Ordinary Operations	Capital Operations	Financial Operations	Total
Parliament	2 081	122	—	2 204
National Audit Office	408	22	*	430

Government				
Presidency	19 666	8 072	336	28 074
Interior	13 729	6 268	3	20 000
Economy and Finance	3 877	884	15	4 776
Education	213 194	18 781	70	232 045
Culture	11 140	4 178	32	15 350
Health and Social Sec.	313 387	18 800	7	332 194
Territ. Policy and Public Works	13 342	48 826	5 768	67 937
Agric., Livest. and Fish.	7 665	5 255	302	13 223
Labour	7 983	590	2	8 575
Justice	9 661	3 136	38	12 835
Industry and Energy	5 698	4 912	2 289	12 899
Commerce and Tourism	1 932	3 662	5	5 600
Social Welfare	33 026	4 624	3 296	40 946
Corporacions locals	143 574	—	—	143 574
Inactive classes	550	—	—	550
Public Debt	26 152	—	12 586	38 738
Consultative Council	140	175	—	315
Different departments	5 100	2 600	—	7 700
Total	832 308	130 911	24 751	987 971

CATALAN PARLIAMENT	1984	1988
Electors	4 501 851	4 564 389
Voters	2 892 987	2 709 685
% Participation	64,3	59,4

	Seats	Votes	%	Seats	Votes	%
CIU (nationalist, center)	72	1 346 917	46,6	69	1 232 514	45,5
PSC-PSOE (socialist)	41	866 425	30,0	42	802 828	29,6
PSUC/IC (communist)	6	160 629	5,6	9	209 211	7,7
AP (right)	11	221 605	7,7	6	143 241	5,3
ERC (republican)	5	126 971	4,4	6	111 647	4,1
CDS (center)				3	103 351	3,8
Others		141 151	4,9		76 197	2,8

* Quantity under the figure of 1 million Pta.

Catalonia is a nation whose origins go back to the Middle Ages. It has its own language and its own singular traditions in culture, politics and law.

The history of Catalonia's political institutions began towards the end of the VIIIth century.

Its origins lay in the old Carolingian "Marca Hispanica", which progressively became a sovereign State with a territory spreading from Occitania to southern versant of Pyrenees with its capital in the city of Barcelona. The holding from the XIth century onwards of the *Assemblies de Pau i Treva* (Peace and Truce Assembly) was the embryo of the Catalan *Corts* (Parliament). From the XIIIth century onwards these *Corts* represented the townspeople, the clergy and the nobility in the decision and making processes. Thus Catalonia was the pioneer of the movement towards the parliamentary system and was well ahead of the other Mediaeval Kingdoms in that respect.

In 1359 the *Corts* set up a delegated power named *Generalitat*, which progressively assumed more and more legal and political powers. This pattern of political organization set up the basis for the States of Catalan-Aragonese Confederation for centuries, until the early XVIIIth century —Pais Valencià, Balears, Catalonia and Aragon— and partly for the other mediterranean Kingdoms of the Confederation —Naples, Sicily and Neopatria in Greece—. This institution was abolished by Philip V, Bourbon pretender to he Crown against Charles of Austrian Royal Household, after Catalan-Aragonese Confederation was defeated and occupied as a result of Succession War (1702-1714). It was reestablished in the year 1931 only to be abolished again in 1939 and finally re-established in the year 1977.

Today Catalonia is governed by an Autonomy Statute ratified in a referendum by the Catalan people in 1979. It consists of an autonomous political power. In some matters Catalonia has an exclusive devolved jurisdiction of its own, in some others shares it with the central Government. Catalonia has a President, a Parliament and a Government of its own, a High Court and an "Ombudsman".

Being a country situated in the north-eastern zone of the Iberian Peninsula, and forming the part closest to Europe within the ensemble of Catalan-speaking lands, it is geographically and culturally opened to Europe and the Mediterranean, and is characterized by its industriousness, its innovation capacity and its contributions to artistic and scientific vanguards at several moments in its millenary history.

With regard to the Spanish State, Catalonia has the 6.3% of the territory, the 15.9% of the inhabitants, the 16.6% of the active population, the 19.3% of the Gross National Product (GNP), between the 23 and the 24% of the tax collection and between the 11 and the 14% of the public expenses in the consolidated budgets of the Spanish State. It is economically the most dynamic and advanced area in the Iberian Peninsula.

The participation of Catalonia in terms of homogeneous purchasing power within the GIP (Gross Inner Product) of the EEC accounts as much as 1.7% within the total figure of 9.2% Spanish economic share.

This Catalan percentage is higher than the whole economic weight of Luxembourg and Ireland, very close to those of Greece and Portugal and slightly lower than the Danish share.

If we consider the 143 European territorial units, Catalonia holds the 14th place in extension and the 7th place in terms of population.

If we assign a value of 100 to the average purchasing power of the 12 EEC member countries, Catalan percentage would rise up to 92.7% of that figure, whereas the whole Spanish percentage would suppose 77%.

Data supplied by: Gen
Catalan town halls, In
Catalunya, Cambra Of
Indústria i Navegació
Catalunya, Catalan Un
Port, Tarragona Port, I
de Estadística, Minist
Banco de Bilbao, Con
de Cajas de Ahorro, C
Nacional de España.

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R-72.814

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Figures of Catalonia

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TERRITORY	1975	1980	1989	% Cat/Spain
Surface (km ²)			31 932	6.3
Arable land	10 378	10 359	10 339 ⁽¹⁾	5.1 ⁽⁴⁾
Meadow and pasture-land	2 807	3 177	3 828 ⁽¹⁾	4.5 ⁽⁴⁾
Forest land	13 808	13 205	13 098 ⁽¹⁾	8.4 ⁽⁴⁾
Other surfaces	4 937	5 191	4 667 ⁽¹⁾	6.9 ⁽⁴⁾
Coast length (km)			580	14.9
Beach length (km)			270	
Number of municipalities	938	935	940	11.6

DEMOGRAPHY	1970	1981	1989	% Cat/Spain
Density (Inh/km ²)	160	187	187 ⁽³⁾	76 ⁽³⁾

Inhabitants (thousands)	5 108	5 956	6 125	15.9 ⁽³⁾
Men	2 487	2 920	3 003	15.8 ⁽³⁾
Women	2 621	3 036	3 122	15.9 ⁽³⁾

Pop. up to 14	1 309	1 482	1 297 ⁽³⁾	16.2 ⁽³⁾
Pop. from 15 to 39	1 834	2 144	2 215 ⁽³⁾	15.4 ⁽³⁾
Pop. from 40 to 64	1 460	1 660	1 739 ⁽³⁾	16.2 ⁽³⁾
Pop. over 65	505	670	737 ⁽³⁾	15.7 ⁽³⁾

Birth rate ‰	19.4	11.4	9.6	11.8 ⁽⁴⁾
Death rate ‰	8.4	6.7	8.5	8.1 ⁽⁴⁾
Marriage rate ‰	7.4	4.2	5.4	5.1 ⁽⁴⁾
Divorce rate ‰		0.4	0.8 ⁽²⁾	0.5 ⁽²⁾
Natural growth ‰	11.0	4.7	1.1	3.7 ⁽⁴⁾

Most populated towns (thous.)	1970	1981	1989	% Catalonia
Badalona	163	230	225	3.7
Barcelona	1 742	1 753	1 712	28.0
Girona	48	87	70	1.1
L'Hospitalet de Llobregat	241	295	277	4.5
Lleida	89	107	111	1.8
Mataró	73	97	101	1.6
Sabadell	158	186	191	3.1
Santa Coloma de Gramenet	106	141	136	2.2
Tarragona	77	109	111	1.8
Terrassa	137	156	162	2.6

LABOUR FORCE	1970	1980	1989	% Cat/Spain
Active population (thous.)	1 975	2 246	2 467	16.5
Agriculture and fishing	166	134	95	5.4
Industry	857	857	829	25.7
Building	215	219	200	15.5
Services	702	941	1 157	15.6
Non classifiable	35	98	186	15.4

Unemployed (thousands)	15	240	348	11.8
Unemployed rate	13.8	13.7	16.9	

Italic figures refere to Spain.

(1) 1988.
(2) 1987.
(3) 1986.
(4) 1985.

HEALTH	1970	1980	1988	Spain
Total beds per 1 000 inh.	5.3	5.3	4.8	4.7 ⁽⁴⁾
Short-stay beds per 1 000 inh.	3.1	3.8	3.3	3.5 ⁽⁴⁾
Inhabitants per doctor	658	398	269	290
Inhabitants per nurse		242	238	261
Inhabitants per pharmacist	2 606	2 318	2 232	2 201 ⁽²⁾

Infant mortality rate ‰	20.3	11.3	7.2	8.6 ⁽⁴⁾
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Main causes of death %	1975	1979	1988	Spain ⁽⁴⁾
Cardiovascular diseases	45.2	46.6	41.1	44.7
Cancer	19.3	22.3	25.8	22.0
Respiratory diseases	11.4	8.1	7.9	9.2
Stomach diseases	5.8	6.0	6.1	5.7
External causes	4.9	4.9	5.8	5.0

EDUCATION	1975/76	1980/81	1988/89	% Cat/Spain ⁽⁵⁾
Pre-school (3-5 years)				
Teachers public sector	1 426	3 256	*	*
Teachers private sector	3 927	3 690	*	*
Students public sector	57 002	102 508	76 529	12.7
Students private sector	143 510	119 037	78 113	19.5

EGB (Primary Sch., 6-13 years)				
Teachers public sector	10 655	14 329	24 586	13.6
Teachers private sector	12 961	14 349	17 952	19.6
Students public sector	364 800	421 079	427 319	12.5
Students private sector	443 939	421 878	346 216	18.5

BUP-COU (High Sch., 14-17 years)				
Teachers public sector	2 638	5 257	8 282	14.2
Teachers private sector	4 519	5 192	5 253	20.3
Students public sector	71 436	88 101	132 024	13.6
Students private sector	47 635	72 374	79 262	18.4

FP (Tech. college, 14-18 years)				
Teachers public sector	1 036	2 492	6 549	17.7
Teachers private sector	4 124	4 450	3 753	25.4
Students public sector	14 545	44 009	79 244	16.6
Students private sector	35 867	63 749	65 093	23.2

Total students	1 178 734	1 332 736	1 283 800	15.2
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University (enrol. studs.)	86 043	96 198	152 620	
Univ. Central de Barcelona	54 902	57 455	85 663	
Univ. Autòn. de Barcelona	17 326	22 251	34 350	
Univ. Politèc. de Catalunya	13 815	16 492	32 607	

INCOME	1971	1981	1985	Index Cat/Spain
Per capita (Pta)	96 467	502 368	790 883	124
				% Cat/Spain
Gross In. Prod. (million Pta)	553 692	3 327 963	5 379 082	19.3

PRICES & CONSUMPTION	1970	1980	1989	% Cat/Spain
Consumer price index				
Spain % anual variation	5.7	15.5	6.9	

Vehicle registration (thousands)				
Private cars	93	112	184 ⁽²⁾	20.0 ⁽²⁾
Lorries and buses	15	19	39 ⁽²⁾	19.5 ⁽²⁾
Motorcycles	4	16	18 ⁽²⁾	29.2 ⁽²⁾

Energy (thousand TEP)				
Primary	6 181	12 895	16 120 ⁽¹⁾	19.3 ⁽³⁾
Final:	4 663	7 699	8 570 ⁽¹⁾	17.2 ⁽³⁾
Industry	2 368	3 557	3 540 ⁽¹⁾	18.5 ⁽³⁾
Transport	1 121	2 232	2 090 ⁽¹⁾	16.0 ⁽³⁾
Others	1 174	1 910	2 940 ⁽¹⁾	17.0 ⁽³⁾
Electr. energ./inh. (kW/h)	1 637	2 905	3 909	2912 ⁽²⁾
Cement (thousand Tn.)	2 704	2 334	3 585	13.1

FINANCE	1970	1980	1989	% Cat/Spain
Branches:				
Bank	662	2 667	3 094 ⁽¹⁾	18.5
Savings bank	667	1 724	3 442 ⁽¹⁾	24.5

Deposits: (thousand million Pta)				
Bank	233.9	1 444.2	2 910.9 ⁽¹⁾	18.4
Saving bank	172.9	1 028.7	3 075.6 ⁽¹⁾	25.1

Stock exch. of Barcelona (mill. Pta)				
Nominal value	6 342	27 484	162 588	16.7
Real value	13 389	24 899	550 176	16.7
real value				
nominal value %	211.1	90.6	338.4	317.6

TOURISM	1970	1980	1989	% Cat/Spain ⁽¹⁾
Hotel capacity (thousands)	129	168	212	23.2
Camping site capacity (thous.)	106	153	294	62.7

Foreign visitors (thousands)	8 340	11 830	15 325	28.3
By rail	539	809	858	32.5
By road	6 706	10 031	13 116	40.2
By ship	229	128	90	5.0
By air	866	862	1 260	7.4

TRANSPORT & COMMUNIC.	1970	1980	1989	% Cat/Spain ⁽¹⁾
Motorways and highways (km)	130	579	599	22.1
Roads (km)	10 105	10 507	10 571	7.0

Vehicles per 1 000 inh.	185	370	460 ⁽¹⁾	354
Vehicles per 10 km	1 748	3 362	3 034 ⁽³⁾	1 593 ⁽³⁾

Railways				
Passengers (thousands)		57 749	51 684	
Goods (thousand Tn.)		5 449	6 105	

Catalonia ports				
Merchant vessels	11 528	10 764	9 996	
Goods (thousand Tn.)	13 073	39 531	45 488	

Catalonia airports				
Aircraft	66 546	86 808	115 329	16.1
Passengers (thousands)	3 557	6 553	9 039	12.8

Telephones per 1 000 inh.	274	384	282	
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EXTERNAL TRADE	1980	1988	% Cat/Spain
Imports per sectors (million Pta)	656 022	2 119 869	30.1 ⁽²⁾
Food	90 306	192 604 ⁽²⁾	37.9 ⁽²⁾
Raw mater. and semimanuf.	392 086	827 817 ⁽²⁾	56.3 ⁽²⁾
Equipment goods	119 625	489 708 ⁽²⁾	68.9 ⁽²⁾
Manufact. consumer goods	54 005	221 640 ⁽²⁾	64.2 ⁽²⁾

Imports per geographical areas (Mill. Pta)			
EEC	264 294	1 258 782	31.4
Rest of Europe	48 811	173 736	29.2
North America	106 724	150 883	19.2
Central and South America	51 176	83 045	33.9
Africa	58 526	100 520	22.5
Asia	122 630	331 978	36.9
Oceania	3 829	18 322	37.6
Others	33	2 603	*

Exports per sectors (million Pta)	344 862	1 098 493	23.4
Food	26 666	76 194 ⁽²⁾	12.4 ⁽³⁾
Raw mater. and semimanuf.	164 807	429 242 ⁽²⁾	38.8 ⁽³⁾
Equipment goods	57 442	185 468 ⁽²⁾	28.2 ⁽³⁾
Manufact. consumer goods	95 947	262 684 ⁽²⁾	22.1 ⁽³⁾

Exports per geographical areas (Mill. Pta)			
EEC	178 859	705 294	22.9
Rest of Europe	29 270	93 136	28.2
North America	12 562	70 509	15.6
Central and South America	39 307	49 415	31.3
Africa	41 603	69 018	27.1
Asia	39 785	97 077	29.4
Oceania	1 573	7 706	33.4
Others	1 904	6 300	*

* Non-available information.
(1) 1988.
(2) 1987.
(3) 1986.

* They are included in EGB's.

(2) 1987.
(4) 1985.
(5) 1986/87.

(1) 1988.
(2) 1987.
(3) 1986.